

Managing AI Risk – What Every Business Needs to Know

The Hartford

Jennifer Birnbaum, Cyber Underwriting Officer

Daniel Silverman, Underwriting Director, Specialized CyberTech

Keith Tagliaferri, Director, Cyber Claim Practices

Arete

Zachary Flom, Associate Director, Threat Intelligence

Bradley Yandell, vCiso, Cyber Risk Advisory

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Our Role – CyberTech Insurance & Risk Management



Cyber Risk Management Eco-System

Identify

Remediate

Insure

Respond



Managing Artificial Intelligence Risk

What Every Business Needs to Know

Zach Flom, Associate Director, Threat Intelligence
Bradley Yandell, vCiso, Cyber Risk Advisory
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Agenda



Emerging AI Risk

Adversarial Use of AI

The Foundation for Secure AI Adoption

The Hartford & Arete Partnership

Q & A



Founded in
2016



4 Global Offices &
Centers
US, Canada, UK & Asia



400+
Employees



Thousands
of Engagements



100s of Partners
Insurance, Law Firms and
Technology Partners



1,500+
Managed Security
Services Clients

Incident Response



Ransomware Response

Restoration

Business Email Compromise

Threat Actor Communications,
Compliance, and Ransom Payment
Facilitation

Data Mining and Document Review

Managed Security Services



Infrastructure and Vulnerability
Management

Incident Response Readiness

Cloud Security Solutions

Managed Detection and Response
(MDR)

- Arete BloktSM - custom threat detection rules

Advisory Services



Risk and Compliance

Forensic Investigations

Regulatory Compliance Audits

Expert Witness Services

Emerging AI Risk

Emerging AI Risk



- Rapid pace of adoption across all industries and by threat actors
- AI is a force multiplier for adversaries and has enabled them to quickly scale their operations
- Improved identification and exploitation of vulnerabilities has drastically reduced the time between disclosure and weaponization
- Attack timelines and development cycles have been similarly compressed
- Shadow AI
 - AI capabilities enabled by default, growing supply chains/dependencies, unsanctioned internal applications
- Sprawling access and excessive permissions
- Lower barrier to entry for aspiring cybercriminals
- AI hallucination leading to false positives/negatives
- “Cognitive offloading”

Adversarial Use of AI

Adversarial Use of AI



The Arete Cyber Threat Intelligence (CTI) Team tracks adversarial use of AI using four separate Priority Intelligence Requirements:

1. How are adversaries incorporating AI into their existing workflows?
2. How are adversaries using AI to develop novel capabilities?
3. How are adversaries targeting enterprise implementations of AI?
4. How are adversaries targeting AI supply chains?

How are adversaries incorporating AI into their existing workflows?



Orchestration

- Threat actors are increasingly leveraging AI models to orchestrate and carry out nearly all phases of a traditional intrusion, from Reconnaissance to Impact
- The integration of AI throughout the attack lifecycle has enabled threat actors to significantly scale operations, with a human operator needing only to act in an executive or supervisory role
- Campaigns that would usually require several personnel with diverse skillsets can now ostensibly be conducted by a single individual
- AI agents can iterate through phases of an attack lifecycle much faster than a human, with average breakout times of less than one hour according to some studies

How are adversaries incorporating AI into their existing workflows?



Exfiltrated Data Analysis

- Historically, a bottleneck existed between victim compromise and successful extortion due to limited resources to analyze large volumes of victim data
- LLMs have not only removed this bottleneck, they've made exfiltrated data analysis a core pressure tactic of several ransomware and extortion groups
- Experienced threat actors are now creating standalone Analysis-as-a-Service offerings turning unstructured data sets into finished "intelligence products"
 - Leak Bazaar
- Threat actors observed by Arete leveraging LLMs for data analysis include INC, Settra, and Icarus

Victim Communication

- Similarly, threat actors historically have had to dedicate significant time and effort communicating with their victims. Ransomware groups like Ethics and GLOBAL GROUP have incorporated AI chat bots into their negotiation panels. Operators only need to engage directly when negotiations stall or meet certain criteria

However, it is important to remember that this concern extends beyond identity documents. Other document categories are equally sensitive and warrant your attention.

18:36:12

Tax & Statutory Filings

This area comprises 7,585 files occupying 7.6 GB, predominantly in PDF (74.3%) and XLSX (19.8%) formats. The documentation spans 2012 to 2026, with the bulk concentrated in 2021–2023. It includes critical elements such as tax returns, state tax documents, and audit-related files. Furthermore, it contains workpapers that reconcile statutory filings with your internal ledgers and balances. This is unequivocally material sensitive from an audit perspective.

Legal, Compliance & Litigation

You have another critically important set of files here: 7,828 documents totaling 20 GB, dated from 2011 to 2026, but with a significant concentration around 2015. These include contracts, compliance documentation, folders structured in the style of Department of Justice (DOJ) matters, and materials related to litigation. You will also find numerous trackers in spreadsheet format (e.g., case logs and evidence trackers) and email chains documenting critical discussions between legal counsel and business units. Because many of these files contain privileged information or settlement details, they are structured with clear "legal hold" identifiers, explicit retention labels, and stringent access and distribution restrictions.

18:36:12

IT & Devices

Although this area includes only 126 files, it is extremely sensitive due to the nature of its content. The primary formats here are XLSX (41.3%), PDF (21.4%), and MSG email files (20.6%). This cluster encompasses documents related to access management, SAP access data, and device administration folders—essentially, information detailing "who has access to what." These records, if exposed or outdated, represent substantial security risks. They mandate strict permissions and rigorous auditing.

How are adversaries incorporating AI into their existing workflows?



Capability Development

- Arete has observed multiple ransomware groups deploying vibe-coded scripts to include **Akira** and **Chaos**
- Threat actors rely on LLMs to create new scripts and to modify existing tools at a pace which has not been previously observed
- Threat groups are developing scripts in previously unused languages and/or targeting new technologies
- Hallmarks of LLM-generated code include:
 - Extensive code commenting, more verbose comments
 - Strings or function names in the code indicative of LLM use such as “refined -- reduced false positives”
 - Emphasis on “quality of life” features not typical of malicious scripts

```
1104 # =====
1105 # 7. FINAL SUMMARY
1106 # =====
1107 Write-Host "+=====+" -ForegroundColor Cyan
1108 Write-Host "|          SCAN & DUMP COMPLETE          |" -ForegroundColor Green
1109 Write-Host "+=====+" -ForegroundColor Cyan
1110 Write-Host "| Servers scanned : $($targets.Count)" -ForegroundColor White
1111 Write-Host "| SQL instances   : $($reachable.Count)" -ForegroundColor White
1112 Write-Host "| Databases dumped : $($serverResults.Values | ForEach-Object { $_.Count } | Measure-Object -Sum).Sum)" -ForegroundColor White
1113 Write-Host "| Export format   : $ExportFormat" -ForegroundColor White
1114 Write-Host "| Max rows/table  : $MaxRows" -ForegroundColor White
1115 Write-Host "| Files exported  : $grandTotalFiles" -ForegroundColor White
1116 Write-Host "| Total rows      : $grandTotalRows" -ForegroundColor White
1117 Write-Host "| Empty skipped   : $skippedEmpty" -ForegroundColor DarkGray
1118 Write-Host "| Output          : $exportRoot" -ForegroundColor White
1119 Write-Host "+=====+" -ForegroundColor Cyan
1120 Write-Host "| DUMPED DATA BY CATEGORY:          |" -ForegroundColor Yellow
1121 if ($categoryRows.Count -gt 0) {
1122     $categoryRows.GetEnumerator() / Sort-Object Value -Descending / ForEach-Object {
1123         $catLabel = $_.Key.PadRight(30)
1124         Write-Host ("|      {0} {1,8} rows" -f $catLabel, $_.Value) -ForegroundColor White
1125     }
1126 } else {
1127     Write-Host "|      (no data exported)" -ForegroundColor DarkGray
1128 }
1129 Write-Host "+=====+" -ForegroundColor Cyan
1130
```

How are adversaries incorporating AI into their existing workflows?

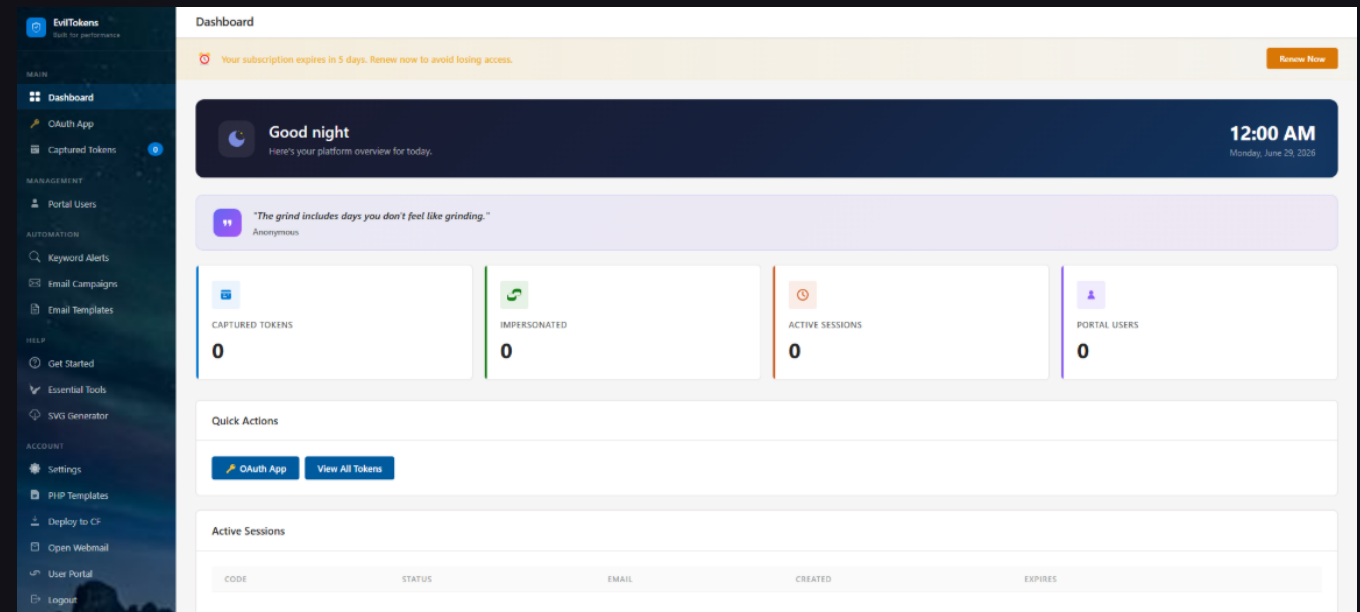


Social Engineering

- AI has enabled adversaries to create far more convincing phishing emails, documents, landing pages, and deepfakes
- Threat actors can now target victims in any language using local and/or industry-specific vernacular, tone, and content
- Information gleaned from open source is used to personalize phishing lures and incorporate current events like conference attendance, M&A, role changes, etc.
- Adversaries use AI to create synthetic personas with detailed backgrounds, social networks, and convincing identification documents

Phishing-as-a-Service (PhaaS) Kits

- PhaaS kits provide the above capabilities alongside the infrastructure required to carry out the attack and harvest victim credentials
- Include additional features such as case/resource management, AI chat bot assistants, and pre-built templates



How are adversaries using AI to develop novel capabilities?



“Just-in-Time” AI Malware

- Malware that can modify itself and/or incorporate new functionality by calling LLMs during execution
- Can rewrite its entire codebase, rendering static analysis largely ineffective

“Vibeware”

- Threat actors use LLMs to rewrite malware in niche programming languages like Crystal, Zig, and Nim, bypassing most detection rules which are structured based on more prevalent languages

Purpose-built AI Models and Services

- Adversaries are creating their own models, “bypass builders”, and data training pipelines tuned for malicious use cases
 - Xantharox AI, WormGPT, KawaiiGPT, DarkBERT, DarkGPT, etc.

How are adversaries using AI to develop novel capabilities?



“Slopsquatting”

- Terminology borrowed from typosquatting tactic
- AI models sometimes hallucinate package names when generating code
- Adversaries create packages with names that match the hallucinated dependencies
- When the LLM hallucinates the package name in the future and the victim searches for the package name, they find the malicious package created by the adversary and load it

How are adversaries targeting enterprise implementations of AI?

Prompt Injection and Jailbreaking

- Threat actors prompt, either directly or indirectly, LLMs to manipulate output, behavior, and to bypass guardrails
- Malicious prompts can be hidden in any content ingested by an LLM like emails, webpages, images, and so on
- Risk is exacerbated by Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG)

Data Access and Exfiltration

- One of the primary benefits of AI is its ability to synthesize large swaths of data which can be further interrogated for specific insights. In turn, AI agents typically have broad access within an enterprise and elevated permissions
- Threat actors leverage these tools to search for and aggregate sensitive data. They also routinely search AI chatbot logs for sensitive data in previous user sessions



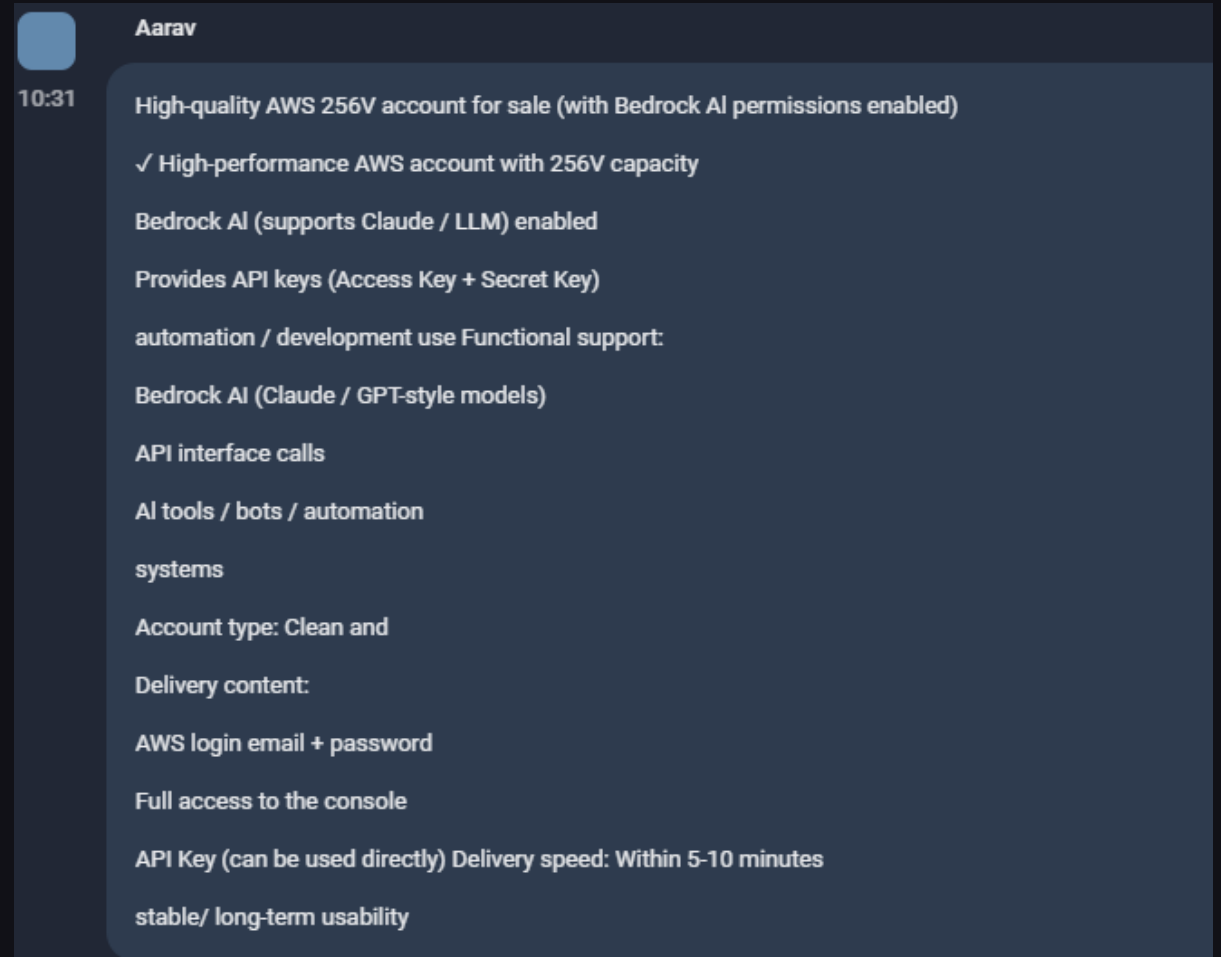
Timestamp	Description	Artifact	Path/URL Accessed
Target File Last Modified		Jump Lists	C:\Users\████████\AppData\Local\Claude
Target File Last Modified		Jump Lists	C:\Users\████████\AppData\Local\Claude\credentials.json
Target File Last Modified		Jump Lists	C:\Projects\Repos\████████\CLAUDE.md
Target File Last Modified		Jump Lists	C:\Projects\Repos\████████\Claude\settings.local.json
Target File Last Modified		Jump Lists	C:\Projects\Repos\████████\Claude
Target File Last Modified		Jump Lists	C:\Users\████████\AppData\Local\Claude\plugins\config.json
Target File Last Modified		Jump Lists	C:\Users\████████\AppData\Roaming\Claude\config.json
Target File Last Modified		Jump Lists	C:\Users\████████\AppData\Local\Claude.json
Accessed		Edge-Internet Explorer	C:\Projects\Repos\████████\CLAUDE.md

How are adversaries targeting enterprise implementations of AI?



LLM Jacking

- Refers to the unauthorized use of legitimate LLM resources and credentials by nefarious actors
- Adversaries either use the resources themselves or resell access to other actors



How are adversaries targeting AI supply chains?



The AI Supply Chain (example)

- Compute
- Data pipelines
- Code & Open-Source Dependencies
- Foundation Models
- Training/Fine-Tuning
- Model Registries
- Inference APIs
- Agent
- Applications & Users

Poisoned Software Packages

- AI tools have complex dependency trees and probabilistic execution which can make it difficult to understand the full extent of the attack surface
- Developer environments are highly targeted due to the presence of valuable credentials with broad, privileged access

The Foundation for Secure AI Adoption

AI GOVERNANCE: THE FOUNDATION FOR SECURE AI ADOPTION

AI is a powerful enabler—BUT WITHOUT GOVERNANCE,
it becomes unmanaged business risk.



WITHOUT GOVERNANCE

- ⊗ Shadow AI and unsanctioned tools
- ⊗ Data leakage and privacy violations
- ⊗ Regulatory and legal exposure
- ⊗ Inconsistent policies and decisions
- ⊗ Increased cyber and operational risk

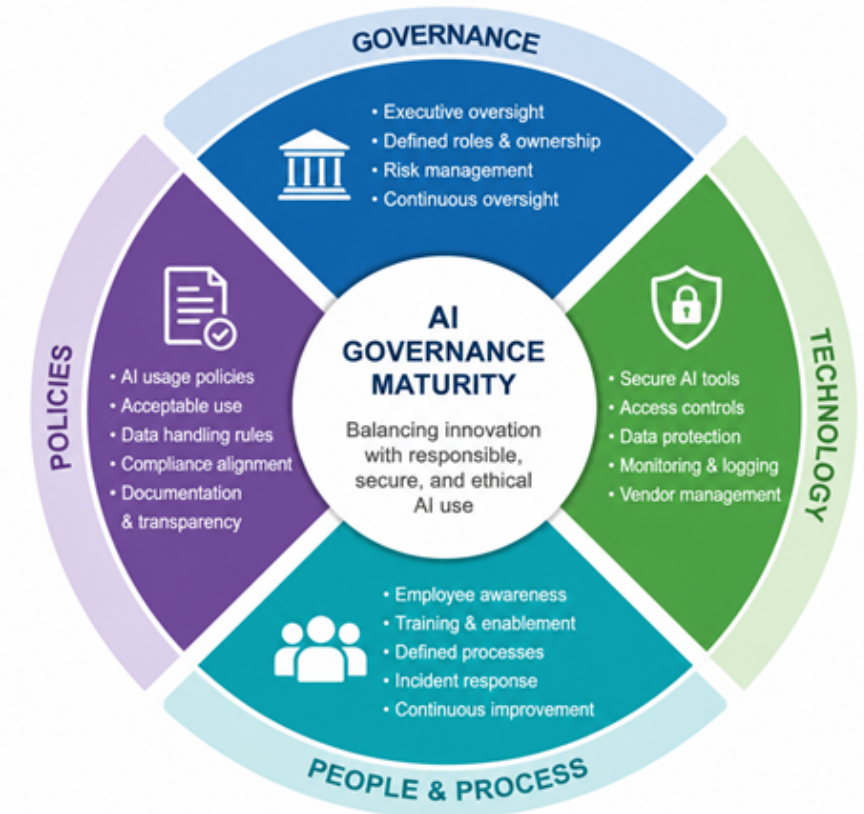


WITH GOVERNANCE

- ✓ Executive ownership and oversight
- ✓ Clear policies and acceptable use
- ✓ Defined roles and accountability
- ✓ Standards for data handling and security
- ✓ Responsible and innovative AI adoption

AI GOVERNANCE MATURITY

A Holistic Approach to Managing AI Risk

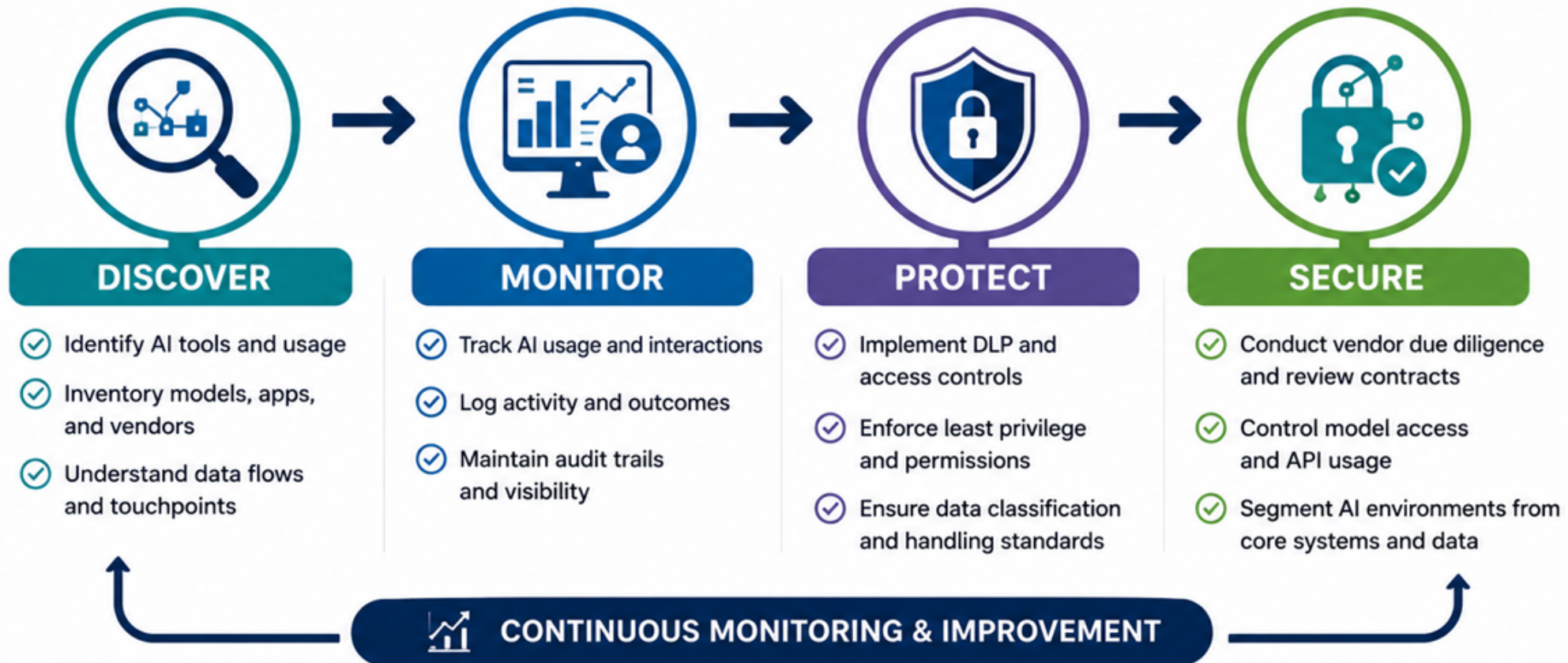


Secure AI Through Visibility & Control



You can't protect what you can't see.

Visibility, controls, and layered security reduce risk and enable safe, responsible AI adoption.



AI evolves. Threats evolve. Your controls should too.

People: Your Strongest Defense Against AI Threats



EMERGING AI THREATS



AI-GENERATED PHISHING

Highly convincing, personalized attacks at scale



VOICE CLONING

Impersonates executives or trusted contacts



DEEPFAKE VIDEO

Realistic fake videos used to manipulate or extort



BUSINESS EMAIL COMPROMISE

AI enhances the accuracy and timing of impersonation



EXECUTIVE IMPERSONATION

Targets leadership to gain access, money, or data

THE AI-POWERED ATTACK CHAIN



1. ATTACKER CREATES AI CONTENT

Phishing, deepfake, or voice clone



2. IMPERSONATES A TRUSTED SOURCE

Exec, coworker, vendor, or partner



3. DELIVERS THE ATTACK

Email, call, chat, or video



4. TARGETS THE HUMAN

Exploits trust and urgency



5. HUMAN VERIFIES & STOPS ATTACK

Awareness, processes, and verification prevent compromise



Trust should always be verified.

BUILD HUMAN RESILIENCE



AI AWARENESS TRAINING

Educate employees on emerging AI threats and red flags



PHISHING SIMULATIONS

Test and reinforce identification of AI-powered phishing



DEEPFAKE EXERCISES

Help employees recognize manipulated audio and video



VERIFICATION PROCEDURES

Establish "verify before you trust" processes for all requests



REPORT & RESPOND

Encourage reporting and quick response to threats

Structured Approach to AI Risk Management



AI RISK MANAGEMENT LIFECYCLE



1. ASSESS

Understand context, risks, and impacts



2. GOVERN

Establish policies, roles, and oversight



3. PROTECT

Implement controls to manage risks



4. VALIDATE

Test, monitor, and evaluate effectiveness



5. IMPROVE

Continuously learn and adapt



ALIGN WITH LEADING FRAMEWORKS



NIST AI RMF

Manage AI risks and build trustworthy, responsible, and secure AI systems through a lifecycle approach.



NIST CSF & 800-53

Build a strong foundation with cybersecurity frameworks and federal control standards.



ISO 27001

Establish and maintain an Information Security Management System (ISMS).



ISO 42001

Implement responsible AI management systems and governance practices.



SOC 2

Demonstrate trust and security through independent assurance of your controls.



CIS CONTROLS

Implement prioritized, actionable security controls to reduce risk and improve resilience.



HIPAA

Protect patient data and ensure compliance with healthcare privacy and security regulations.

The Hartford & Arete Partnership

A trusted partner every step of your AI risk journey.

We combine deep expertise with a proven methodology to help you govern AI securely and confidently.



REAL IMPACT. MEASURABLE RESULTS.

BEFORE



- Unclear AI policies
- Shadow AI across teams
- No visibility or monitoring
- High data exposure risk
- No testing or validation



AFTER

- Enterprise AI policy adopted
- AI inventory & monitoring in place
- Risk prioritized & controlled
- NIST AI RMF gap assessment completed
- Tabletop exercised & documented



HOW WE HELP

vCISO advisory, AI governance, risk assessments, framework alignment, and incident response expertise—all working together to build AI resilience.



Experienced AI & Cyber Advisors



Proven Methodology & Framework Alignment



End-to-End Support & Partnership

KEY BUSINESS OUTCOMES



REDUCE RISK

Identify and mitigate AI risks before they impact your business.



ENSURE COMPLIANCE

Align with regulations and industry frameworks with confidence.



BUILD TRUST

Protect data, privacy, and brand reputation at every step.



IMPROVE EFFICIENCY

Standardize governance and streamline AI operations.



ENABLE INNOVATION

Adopt AI securely and responsibly to drive value.



STRENGTHEN RESILIENCE

Enhance readiness and response to evolving threats and risks.

TAKE THE NEXT STEP

BUILD RESILIENCE. REDUCE RISK. STAY AHEAD.



**VISIT THE LINK TO
SCHEDULE A CONSULTATION**

[The Hartford Cyber Center - Cybersecurity Assessment & Framework Compliance](#)

Questions?

Where We Are

Our global headquarters is in Boca Raton, Florida, and our APAC headquarters is in Hyderabad, India.

We have additional major office locations around the world.



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